PrimePrep™ Plasmid DNA Extraction Kit

Introduction

PrimePreoTM Plasmid DNA Extraction Kit offer simple, rapid and cost-effective method for isolating plasmid DNA from bacterial cells. This kit is designed for the preparation of up 20 µg of high-purity plasmid DNA from 1 ~ 5 ml overnight *E. coli* culture in LB medium.

Plasmid DNA purified with mini kits is immediately ready for use. Phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation are not required, and high-quality plasmid DNA is eluted in a small volume of Elution Buffer

Kit Components

| Cat. No. Reagents | K-1000 (50 prep.) | K-1002 (200 prep.) |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Spin column | 50 ea | 50 ea x 4 |
| Buffer PR | 20 ml | 55 ml |
| Buffer PL | 20 ml | 55 ml |
| Buffer PN | 20 ml | 75 ml |
| Buffer PO | 20 ml | 70 ml (35 ml x 2) |
| Buffer PW | 10 ml | 30 ml (15 ml x 2) |
| Buffer PE | 10 ml | 20 ml |
| RNase A Solution (10 mg/ml) | 200 µl | 550 μl |

Before you begin

- ▶ Add RNase A Solution to Buffer PR, mix, and store at 4°C.
- ▶ Add ethanol to Buffer PO before use.
- → Add 12 ml (K-1002: 21 ml) of absolute ethanol before use
- ▶ Add ethanol to Buffer PW before use.
- → Add 40 ml (K-1002: 60 ml) of absolute ethanol before use.
- ▶ Check Buffer PL and PN before use for salt precipitation.

Note: Redissolve any precipitation by warming to 50°C. Do not shake Buffer PL vigorously.



Experimental Protocol

- Growth of bacterial culture in tubes or flasks.
 - * Harvest the bacterial cells by centrifugation at 8,000 rpm in a conventional, table-top microcentrifuge for 3 min at room temperature.
- 1. Resuspend pelleted bacterial cells in 250 μ of Buffer PR and transfer to a microcentrifuge tube.

The bacterial cell should be resuspended completely by vortexing and pipetting.

- 2. Add 250 \(\mu \) of Buffer PL and gently mix by inverting the tube 4 ~ 6 times. **Incubate at room temperature for less than 5 min. Do not vortexing.** Vortexing may case shearing of genomic DNA.
- 3. Add 350 μ of Buffer PN and mix immediately and thoroughly by gently **inverting the tube 4 ~ 6 times.** Do not vortexing. To avoid localized precipitation, mix the solution thoroughly, immediately after addition of Buffer PN.
- 4. Centrifuge for 10 min at maximum speed in a table-top-microcentrifuge. A compact white pellet will form.
- Transfer the supernatant to the Spin column by decanting or pipetting. Avoid the white precipitation co-transferring into the Spin column.
- 6. Centrifuge for 30 ~ 60 sec. Pour out the filtrate and re-inserting the Spin column to the collection tube.
- 7. (Optional step) Add 500 # Buffer PO and centrifuge for 30 sec. This step is only required when using endA⁺ or other bacteria strains with high nuclease activity or carbohydrate content.
- 8. Add 700 # Buffer PW and centrifuge for 30 sec. Pour out the filtrate and re-inserting the Spin column to the collection tube.
- 9. Centrifuge for an additional 1 ~ 2 min to remove residual wash buffer. Residual ethanol of washing buffer may inhibit subsequent enzymatic reactions.
- Transfer the Spin column into a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (Not provided).
- 11. Add 50 μ of Buffer PE (10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.5) or deionized distilled water, let stand for 1 min and centrifuge for 1 min.

